

Name:

School:



WINCHESTER
COLLEGE

Entrance Examination

Latin

Tuesday, 7th May 2019

Total time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

No dictionaries allowed

A good mark in Section A will be sufficient to gain a pass in this paper, but all questions should be attempted.

Please start each section of the examination on a new sheet of paper.

Put your FULL NAME on each new sheet of paper you use.

SECTION A

On **alternate lines WRITE OUT A TRANSLATION** of this passage and then answer the questions which follow.

Ulysses and his men meet the one-eyed giant Polyphemus.

postquam Graeci urbem Troiam ceperunt, Ulixes et milites eius ad Graeciam navigabant. ubi ad terram novam advenerunt, Ulixes “e navibus” inquit “exibimus, et aquam cibumque inveniemus.” itaque cum paucis comitibus ad speluncam appropinquavit et ibi cibum invenit. comites autem “hunc cibum” inquirunt “ad naves portare debemus.” Ulixes tamen, quod dux audacissimus erat, “manete” inquit “et hospitem nostrum exspectate. nam et cibum et dona nobis dabit.” sed hospes erat gigas ingens et saevissimus, Polyphemus nomine. huic erat unus oculus solus. Polyphemus speluncam iniit et maximo saxo exitum clausit. tum viri maxime timebant et in angulos speluncae fugerunt. sed gigas duos comites subito cepit et consumpsit. mox dormiebat. Ulixes iam tristissimus erat. “quomodo” inquit “e spelunca effugiemus? nam illud saxum ingens movere non poterimus.”

Troia, -ae 1f: Troy

oculus, -i 2m: eye

Ulixes, -is 3m: Ulysses

saxum, -i 2n: rock

Graecia, -ae 1f: Greece

exitus, -us 4m: exit

spelunca, -ae 1f: cave

claudio (3): I close

hospes, hospitis 3m: host

angulus, -i 2m: corner

gigas, -antis 3m: giant

quomodo: how?

[30%]

1. Give the following grammatical forms:

- a. the genitive singular of **navibus, cibum, dux, dona.**
- b. the first pers. sing. pres. indic. act of **ceperunt, exhibimus, dabit.**
- c. the dative singular feminine of **eius, hunc, illud.**

2. Give an example from the passage of:

- a. a superlative adjective
- b. a preposition with the accusative
- c. an imperative
- d. a present infinitive

3. Give English words wholly or partly derived from:

milites, navibus, dona

4. Translate the following into Latin. The vocabulary is in the passage.

- a. The ships will carry food to the city.
- b. I will sleep in the cave.
- c. The soldiers found water in the country.

[30%]

SECTION B

Take a new sheet of paper and write your FULL NAME on it.

On **alternate lines** translate this passage into English.

How Julius Caesar entered Gaul, provoked resistance and then crushed it; about the leader of the Gallic resistance and what happened to him.

Galli, qui semper socii Romanorum fuerant, a Germanis ex agris suis pellebantur et in maximo periculo erant. itaque Caesar missus est ut auxilium eis ferret. mox tamen hic vir audax multa oppida, multos captivos, multumque auri cepit. pauci Gallorum irati erant, quod Caesar bona eorum quoque capiebat.

sex annos Caesar in Gallia copias Romanas duxit; septimo autem anno multae Galliae gentes iam contra Caesarem pugnare constituerunt.

princeps Gallorum erat Vercingetorix, iuvenis nobilissimus, cuius pater rex fuerat. Galli Romanos superabant, deinde Romani Gallos. omnium urbium Gallorum clarissima erat Alesia. tandem igitur Galli eo convenire iussi sunt ut eam contra Romanos defenderent. sed milites Romani altissimos muros circum Alesiam celeriter aedificaverunt. ex his muris Galli effugere non poterant; itaque fames eos vicit. Galli, et princeps et milites, Romam tracti sunt.

sexto anno post Alesiam captam, Caesar Romam rediit. Vercingetorix, in triumpho Caesaris ductus, interfectus est.

Names

Caesar, Caesaris 3m.

Caesar (Julius Caesar)

Vercingetorix, Vercingetorigis 3m.

Vercingetorix

Gallia, Galliae 1f.

Gaul

Alesia, Alesiae 1f.

Alesia (a settlement in Gaul)

Vocabulary

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Gallus, Galli 2m. | Gaul (i.e. a Gaulish person) |
| Germanus, Germani 2m. | German (i.e. a German person) |
| captivus, captivi 2m. | prisoner |
| bona, bonorum 2n. pl. | (here) goods, property |
| fames, famis 3f. | hunger |
| Romam | to Rome |
| triumphus, triumphi 2m. | victory parade, triumph |

SECTION C

Take a new sheet of paper and write your FULL NAME on it.

Answer **ONE** of the following questions.

1. Write not more than *ten* lines on **either** the reasons you prefer Hector to Achilles (or Achilles to Hector) **or** whether Jason always behaved like a hero, in your opinion.
2. Write not more than *ten* lines on **either** the similarities and differences between the daily lives of Romans 2000 years ago and our lives now **or** slavery
3. Write not more than *ten* lines on **either** Julius Caesar's invasions of Britain **or** whether the conquest of Britain was good or bad for the Britons.

[10%]